

AMERICAN RED CROSS

Approximately 120 prisoners of war, recently released from

were on the transport in the Harbor awaiting transportation to the States/

Most of the group, composed of Navymen, Marines, and a few civilians attached

to the Navy, had been given \$100.00 each of back pay to meet expenses enroute

to the States. Because of some technicality the 28 Marines and two civilians

were unable to draw any pay, and the Chaplain's contribution of \$5.00 to

each had not gone far. Morale hit what was probably an all time low for these

men without money. In prison all had been equally deprived aft. Commander

and Commader, leaders of the group, themselves former Prisoners, the

Chaplain, the Ship's Surgeon, and Special Services Appealed to Red Cross as

the only source of help.

We sat in the Commander's cabin and listeded to the Commander's story. Food in quantites of the best quality obtainable was being provided at frequent intervals, but after three year's of starvation and uncertainty, some could not resist sneaking off food from the table atniggt for fear this was only an illusion. Whole boxes of candy bars would be consumed in a day, and in spite of resultant illness, they demanded more candy again. Even a few of those who had been paid \$100.00 felt so keenly the wish of additional money, that a firm stand had to be taken by their able leader, whose clear thinking and reasoning did much to bridge the gap between prison and home life. (Ones who didn't get paid)

On liberation each had been given one set of clothes. Now Red Cross and Special Service were providing candies, gum, cigarettes, and many comfort items. There was plenty to eat. There would be a nation awaiting to acclaim new clothes on arrival, them when they arrived home, food at the best places, comfortable housing, transportation, even telephone calls to their homes, and to each a watch.

But there was the present gap to be filled. The need to feel money
in their pockets was important in itself, the need to feel equal with the



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others who had been paid. It had not mattered so much in prison when all suffered privation alike. Too, then to the desire for food, there was of course the need of cigarettes and "a light", to write, they needed a pen, and neigher lighters or pens could be bought at home. Special Service was prepared to obtain these for them here. Then too there were all the little comfort items and extra bits of food which could be purchased at the Ship's Store. But most of all, there was a need for extra items of clothing to keeps have a change of clothing during the next month, and this was more important than ever to those who had lived so long in the fileth of the prison.

All agreed there was a real need, that it must be met quickly, and that Red Cross was the one to meet this need.

we went to lunch, and after lunch the former Prisoners were assembled and told that Red Cross loans were available to those who had not received the \$100.00 partial pay. Volunteers quickly cleared away the tables and an improvised Red Cross office hastily set up. Time was short. The boat might leave at any time and the purchases must be made that afternoon.

The USO Show would open on deck at 1:30. There was now little more than half an hour before the show would begin. Marines lined up first.

They had a remarkably healthy look, false though it wasin many instances.

Nowand then a lad walked up, even now almost too young to be in the service, but "the records showed" he was of age. A few were on crutches, an occasional arm or leg missing, now one who could not hear, others whose seeing had been impaired.

With the assistance of The hospital Supervisor, the Field Director, an Assistant, and two secretaries made out loan papers. were made out, signed, and the boys were off to the show.

Time for talk was brief, but there was an occasional chat with some one from the home town. An occasional incident was told.

We all settled down to talk over the day's experiences and to



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compare stories while we waited for the Area Accountant to arrive with what was now a foreign exchange to us - American Dollars.

The show was over, the line again formed, and the Prisoners now had money in their pockets again.

We all stayed for a "thank you" dinner, and afterward on deck had our first real opportunity to visit with the prisoners and hear their stores of hardship in prison.

It was the "Case of the Month" on this base, and to most of us it was the "Case of our Red Cross Career." The principle of Red Cross that in giving financial assistance "need is the governing factor" had been met, and the spirit of Red Cross defined by John W. Davis when Solicitor General of the United States as a philanthrop organization which acts "for the American People in all those ways which they seek to express to the country's defenders their affection, sympathy or gratitude.